

AN ILLOVO SUGAR AFRICA COMPANY

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Chemical name 2-Furaldehyde

Synonyms Furan-2-carbaldehyde, 2-Furfuraldehyde, Furan-2-carboxaldehyde, 2-Furylmethanal,

Fural, 2-Formyl furan, Furanaldehyde, Pyromucis aldehyde, Ant Oil.

Formula $C_5H_4O_2$

 Molecular mass
 96,09
 FL-No.
 13.018

 CAS-No.
 98-01-1
 FEMA-No.
 2489

 EC-No.
 202-627-7
 Annex VI-No.
 605-010-00-4

Registration number 01-2119486861-27-0002

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture Intermediate for manufacturing furan derivates Use of Furfural as intermediate in pesticide production	Exposure scenario ES 4 ES 5
 Manufacturing of blends / formulations 	ES 6
 Manufacturing of polymers 	ES 7
 Use of Furfural in the manufacturing of abrasive wheels, brake linings and refractories - by using formulations 	ES 8
 Use of Furfural in the petroleum refining industry as extraction agent 	ES 9
 Professional end use of acid resistant coating – by using formulations 	ES 10
 Spray turf indoor uses 	ES 11
 Spray turf outdoor uses 	ES 12
 Dripper indoor uses 	ES 13
 Dripper outdoor uses 	ES 14
 Spray indoor uses 	ES 15
 Spray outdoor uses 	ES 16
Uses advised against	None

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Illovo Sugar South Africa (Pty) Ltd

Address 1 Nokwe Avenue

Ridgeside Umhlanga Rocks South Africa

4320

Telephone number +27 31 508 45 88

E-mail address <u>commercialdownstreamsds@illovo.co.za</u>

Only representative Otentic Customs BV

Address Zeilmakerijweg 8, 4906 CW Oosterhout, The Netherlands

Telephone number +31 162 48 80 50

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency

Local South Africa 0800 17 27 43
 Rapid Spill Response

- International +27 82 775 33 05

Medical information

South Africa +27 824 910 160 Bloemfontein Poison Control and Medicine Information Centre

South Africa +27 861 555 777 Poisons Information Helpline of the Western Cape

United Kingdom 844 892 0111 National Poisons Information Service

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (EU-GHS / CLP)
Hazard Classes / Hazard Class-, Category- and -Statement Codes

Flammable liquid
Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Acute toxicity
Acute toxicity
Acute toxicity
Acute toxicity
Acute toxicity
Acute Tox. 3, H301
Acute toxicity
Acute Tox. 4, H312
Eye irritation
Eye Irrit. 2, H319

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Skin irritation

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Carcinogenicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

For full text of Hazard statements: see subsection 2.2.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquids and vapour.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 * Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 * Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection.
P403 + P233 * Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P304 + P340 * IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P301 + P310 * IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / physician.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water / soap.

P305 + P351 + P338 * IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 * IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to a specialised processing facility for disposal in

accordance with local / regional regulations.

* on label

2.3 Other hazards Furfural does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation

1907/2006.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Main constituentIdentityPercentage2-FuraldehydeCAS-No.98-01-1> 98 %

EC-No. 202-627-7

Classified impurities or stabilizers

None

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

InhalationFresh air, rest, half upright position. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.Skin contactRemove contaminated clothes, rinse skin with water or shower. If skin irritation occurs:

get medical advice / attention.

Eye contact First rinse with plenty of water (remove lenses if possible). If eye irritation persists: get

medical advice / attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Immediately call a doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Respiratory irritation (nose and upper respiratory tract). Eye and skin irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information on medical attendance

Not necessary.

Special means to provide treatment at the workplace

Not necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Powder, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet, alcohol unstable foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

Additional hazards

Extreme generation of heat in the case of larger fires.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Protective actions

In case of fire: keep containers cool by spraying with water.

Retain contaminated extinguishing water; do not allow entering into the sewage system.

In the case of larger fires: Cordon affected area.

Special protective equipment

Self-contained respiratory protective device.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Information for non-emergency personnel

In the case of large quantities: Use filter respirator with filter type A for organic vapours. Use personal protective equipment to avoid any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothes. Remove potential sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Assure sufficient ventilation.

Information for emergency responders

If available, observe corporate hazard-control and emergency plans.

6.2 **Environmental precautions**

In the case of spills: Avoid penetration into the sewage canal, surface water and ground

In the case of accidental release: Do not discharge in surface water, sewers or soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on spillage containment

Take up small amounts spilled product with an inert absorbent. Dispose of as

hazardous waste.

Dam spilled large amounts in and suck carefully; recycle if possible.

Appropriate clean-up procedures

Collect remainder in inert absorbent and dispose of as hazardous waste. Wash away remainder with water.

Inappropriate containment or clean-up techniques

None known.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See also the sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations for safe handling

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Only transfer into suited and resistant containers. Containers have to be properly

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labelled.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces and do not smoke. Above $60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$: use in a closed system.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

The usual precautionary measures when handling chemicals have to be observed. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Protection against incompatible substances

Keep away from oxidants, strong acids and strong bases. The substance affects many synthetic materials; store only in original packing.

Keep container tightly closed.

Protection against ambient influences

Protect against heat and solar radiation. Recommended storage temperature: 20 $^{\circ}$ C. Store in a dark area.

Maintenance of the integrity of the substance

Not required.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

If used in food: comply with food safety regulation (HACCP).

Limit values

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

		Limit	values				
Country	TWA-8	TWA-8 hours T		TWA-8 hours TWA-15		ւ-15 min.	TWA-8 hours
	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm			
Austria	20	5			skin		
Belgium	8	2			skin		
Czech Republic	10	2.5	8	2	C (20 mg/m ³), skin		
Denmark	7.9	2	15.8	4	skin		
Finland	8	2	20	5			
France			8	2			
Germany	cancelled						
Italy	8	2	20	5	skin		
Netherlands	cancelled						
Norway	8	2			skin		
Poland	10	2,5	25				
Portugal	8	2			skin		
Slovakia	7.9	2			skin		
Slovenia	20	5			skin		
Spain	8	2			skin		
Sweden	8	2	20	5	skin		
Switzerland	8	2			skin		
United Kingdom	8	2	20	5	skin		

The exposure limits may be exceeded before the odour is perceived.

DNEL / DMEL

Workers short term exposition

DNEL worker (acute, inhalation - systemic)

DNEL worker (acute, inhalation - local)

152 mg/m³

20 mg/m³

Workers long term exposition

DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - systemic)

DNEL worker (long-term, inhalation - local)

DNEL worker (long-term, dermal - systemic)

4 mg/kg bw/day

Consumers short term exposition

DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - systemic)

DNEL general population (acute, inhalation - local)

DNEL general population (acute, oral - systemic)

136 mg/m³

20 mg/m³

2.4 mg/kg bw/day

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Consumers long term exposition

DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - systemic) 8 mg/m³
DNEL general population (long-term, inhalation - local) 8 mg/m³

DNEL general population (long-term, oral - systemic)

2.4 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL general population (long-term, dermal - systemic)

2.4 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC Aquatic

fresh water
 marine water
 intermittent release
 PNEC aquatic (freshwater)
 ndermittent release
 PNEC aquatic (intermittent release)
 0.0033 mg/L
 0.0033 mg/L
 0.0027 mg/L

Sedimentary

fresh water sediment

PNEC sediment 0.12 mg/kg sediment dw

marine water sediment

PNEC marine-sediment 0.012 mg/kg sediment dw

Terrestrial

soil
 PNEC soil
 2.6 mg/kg dw

Sewage treatment

sewage treatment plants

PNEC STP 7.6 mg/L

Secondary poisoning

food chain
 PNEC _{oral}
 35.3 mg/kg food

Negligible potential to bioaccumulate in the food chain (logKow <3).

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ventilation and local exhaust.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective

a) Eye/face protection

Safety goggles (EN 166).

b) Skin protection

Hand protectionGloves butyl rubber 0.7 mm
Gloves neoprene 0.75 mm
Breakthrough time > 8 hours (EN 374)
Breakthrough time 2 hours (EN 374)

Other Protective clothing (EN 304/EN 14605).

c) Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient local exhaust: filter respirator with filter type A for organic

vapours (EN 14387).

d) Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Direct polluted air of the local exhaust ventilation out of the plant in a manner in

accordance with environmental regulations.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colourless to yellow oily liquid.
Odour Characteristic: pungent, almond.

Odour threshold (mg/m3) 0.25 - 1.0 9H 3.5 - 4.5

Melting point / freezing point (°C) - 37 Boiling point (°C) at 1013 hPa 162

Flash point (°C) 60 (closed cup)

Evaporation rate (ether=1) 75
Upper/lower explosive limits (vol%) 2.1 - 19.3
Vapour pressure at 25 °C (hPa) 3.33
Vapour density (air=1) 3.3
Relative density (water=1) 1.16

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Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water at 20 °C (g/l)
 Solubility in fat
 Partition coefficient (log K octanol/water)
 Auto-ignition temperature (°C)
 392

Decomposition temperature Not applicable

Viscosity at 25 °C (mPa.s) 1.49

Explosive properties Non explosive

Oxidising properties None

9.2 Other information

Miscibility with Solvents (acetone, ethanol, ether, xylene, chloroform,

petroleum ether, ethyl acetate)

Conductivity (pS/m) $1.5 * 10^8$ Heat of combustion (kJ/kg) 24 410 Surface tension at 20 °C (mN/m) 43.5

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The substance may polymerize violently (resinification) under the influence of strong acids or strong bases. Reacts violently with oxidants.

10.2 Chemical stability

Turns yellow to brown on exposure to air and light and resinifies.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with strong acids and strong bases with the possibility of fire and

explosion (resinification).

At elevated temperatures, a risk for fire or explosion exists.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Temperatures in storage > 40 °C should be avoided. Also contact with direct sunlight, heat sources and air. Avoid static discharge and sources of ignition (open flames, warm surfaces, sparks).

Avoid contact with combustible materials and plastics.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids or alkaline substances and oxidants. Many plastics.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Upon decomposition emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

a) Acute toxicity

 - Oral
 LD50 (rat)
 100 mg/kg

 - Dermal
 LD50 (rat)
 >2000 mg/kg

 - Inhalation
 LC50 (rat, 4 hours)
 ~ 1 mg/L

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

The substance is irritating to skin.

c) Serious eye damage/irritation

The substance is irritating to eyes.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Concluded not to be sensitising.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity

Concluded not to be genotoxic in vivo.

f) Carcinogenicity

NOAEL (oral) 53 mg/kg bw/day

Target organ(s): digestive: liver.

Suspected of causing cancer. Liver tumors induced via mechanism involving liver toxicity. Concluded that at levels at which no liver toxicity is induced (in rats 53 mg/kg bw/d), tumors will not arise.

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g) Reproductive toxicity

Fertility/developmental

Concluded not to be reprotoxic.

h) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Respiratory tract From acute toxicity studies, evident that the substance may cause respiratory irration,

particularly to the upper respiratory tract and the nose.

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Respiratory tract From repeated dose toxicity studies, evident that the substance may cause respiratory

irritation particularly to the upper respiratory tract and the nose. No classification

warranted.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

11.2 Likely routes of exposure

Furfural can be easily absorbed in the lungs and from the skin, with dermal absorption of liquid furfural being approx. 3 µg/cm² per minute. Following absorption, the biological half life is 2-2.5 h.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Aquatic compartment and sediment

– Fish

LC50 (fresh water, 96 h) 10.5 mg/L NOEC (fresh water, 12 d) 0.33 mg/L

Aquatic invertebrates

13 mg/L EC50 (Daphnia, fresh water, 48 h) NOEC (Daphnia, fresh water, 21 d) 1.9 mg/L

Algae and aquatic plants

NOEC (algae, fresh water, 8d) 2.7 mg/L

Aquatic micro-organisms

EC50 760 mg/L

Sediment organisms Not a relevant compartment.

Terrestrial compartment Soil macro-organisms

LC50 (earthworm, 14 d) 406.18 mg/kg soil dw 225 mg/kg soil dw

NOEC (earthworm, 14 d)) **Anthropods**

37.5 mg/kg soil dw

NOEC (collembolan, 21 d) Terrestrial plants

NOEC (sugarbeet) 26 mg/kg soil dw

Soil micro-organisms

NOEC (soil micro-organisms) 597 mg/kg soil dw

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradability

Photolysis Half-life (DT50 in air) 0.44 d

Biodegradability

Biodegradability in water

Readily biodegradable.

Biochemical oxygen demand

BOD (14 days) 93.5% degradation

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Aquatic bioaccumulation

BCF (estimation based on a calculation method). 1.41 L/kg

No remarkable bioaccumulation potential (log Kow 0.41).

12.4 Mobility in soil

> Adsorption/desorption K_{oc} at 20 °C (calculated) 17.1 L/kg Henry's Law constant at 20 °C (in Pa m³/mol) 0.2 Volatilisation

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Results of PBT and vPvB assessment 12.5

The substance does not meet the PBT and vPvB criteria according to annex XIII of

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Hazardous to water (Water hazard class 2, WGK Germany)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product disposal Recycling by distillation.

Removal to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents or as chemical waste in accordance with local regulations. Do not discharge wastewater into sewer.

Packaging disposal Uncleaned empty package have to be treated like the content. The labelling of

uncleaned containers must not be removed.

Waste treatment-relevant information

European waste list (EURAL) 07 01 04

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number 1199

14.2 UN proper shipping name **FURALDEHYDES**

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 6.1

14.4 **Packing group** Ш

14.5 **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant (IMO/IMDG) No Hazards for tank vessels (ADN) 6.1 + 3

Specials precautions for user

Classification code (ADR/RID/ADN) TF1 Risk label(s) (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA) 6.1 + 3Tunnel restriction code (ADR/RID) (D/E) Hazard Identification No. (ADR/RID) 63 Limited quantity (ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/IATA) 100 ml Excepted quantity (ADR/RID/AND/IMDG/IATA) F4 ERICard (ADR) 6-54

Emergency Schedules (IMDG)

Fire schedule Echo (F - E) Spillage schedule Delta (S - D)

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Ship type required (IMDG) 3 Pollution category (IMDG)

SECTION15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 **Authorisations (REACH)**

Not subject to Title VII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Restrictions (REACH), SVHC

Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 is not applicable.

SVHC (Substance of Very High Concern) status: negative.

Control of major-accident hazards (Seveso III)

Subject to Directive 2012/18/EU.

H2 ACUTE TOXIC Hazard category: Qualifying quantity column 2: 50 000 kg Qualifying quantity column 3: 200 000 kg

List of flavouring substances

Approved as a flavouring agent (Regulation (EC) No 872/2012).

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Classification, labelling and packaging

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP-Regulation)

Other EU-/national regulations

Other applicable EU-/national regulations have to be observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for furfural.

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Changes to the previous version

Previous version 26

Changes Change of the email address and addition of the language code.

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN Transport of dangerous goods by inland waterways

ADR Transport of dangerous goods by road

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

EC50 Effect Concentration, 50 percent

ERICard Emergency Response Intervention Card

GHS / CLP Globally Harmonised System / Classification, Labelling and Packaging

IC50 Inhibitory Concentration, 50 percent
IATA Transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG Transport of dangerous goods by sea
LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50 percent

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50 percent

LOAEC Lowest observed adverse effect concentration
NOAEC No observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level NOEC No observed effect concentration

NOEL No observed effect level

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID Transport of dangerous goods by rail

TWA Time Weighted Average

vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Literature references and sources for data

REACH dossier.

16.4 Full text of hazard statements which are not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

None

This data sheet has been compiled by KWA. Despite the careful attention paid to the setting up of the text, KWA cannot be held responsible for any error appearing in the text and resulting in whatever damage it may cause.

KWA, Spijksedijk 18c, 4207 GN Gorinchem, The Netherlands. Phone +31 183 649 556

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